

TAX BILL WILL BE DEVOID OF MADDOO IDEAS

Committee Adopts Its Own Opinions on Excess Profits Tax.

FLAT 10% EXEMPTION

New Clauses Catch Big Corporations, Spare Little Ones.

All suggestions from Secretary McAdoo regarding the excess profits tax in the new revenue bill were finally rejected by the Ways and Means committee yesterday and two new sets of rates, both higher than the Treasury Department is willing to accept, were agreed upon. Chairman Kitchin was instructed to prepare a draft embodying both of the series of rates, and the committee will adopt one for the final draft of the bill.

In announcing the action of the committee, Mr. Kitchin said that the conference with Secretary McAdoo and other officials of the Treasury Department was held at the committee's office. Mr. Kitchin had given up hope of being able to convince the department of the wisdom of adopting the higher rates. For this reason, the committee decided to write the high rates into the bill and ask the House to adopt them. If the Senate should yield to Mr. McAdoo, the controversy will be thrashed out in conference.

Based on Pre-war Years.

The committee also decided upon a flat exemption of 10 per cent for all classes of corporations under the war profits tax and fixed the years 1911, 1912 and 1913 as the pre-war years for the purposes of the tax.

With the adoption of these rates the committee closed its sessions on the bill and will not meet again until Saturday, when the final O. K. will be given the preliminary draft. Mr. Kitchin announced that he will introduce the bill in the House by Wednesday.

The bill as now drawn is well within the \$5,000,000,000 maximum insisted upon by Secretary McAdoo for the financing of the war. Mr. Kitchin said. Of this great total the war profits and excess profits taxes agreed upon by the committee will yield at least \$2,000,000,000, according to the committee's experts.

Catches Big Concerns.

A "catch clause" to take care of any corporations which might escape taxation under either the war profits plan or the excess profits plan was agreed upon by the committee. This provides that any corporation whose invested capital exceeds \$1,000,000 shall pay at least 10 per cent of its net income as an excess profits tax.

As a further protection for smaller corporations, whom the Treasury Department feared would be hurt by an increase in the excess profits rates, the committee adopted another clause to exempt corporations whose invested capital does not exceed \$25,000 the amount of the excess profits tax shall not be in excess of 5 per cent of the net income. On corporations whose invested capital is between \$25,000 and \$50,000 the amount of the excess profits tax shall not be in excess of 4 per cent of the net income.

The Treasury Department has advised the committee that the income of all corporations in the United States during the fiscal year 1918 was \$5,750,000,000 as against \$10,500,000,000 for the year 1917.

NONESSENTIAL WORKS LIMITED AS TO COAL

Steam Fuel Allowed; By-Products and Gas Cut off Entirely.

Industries not on the preferred list of the War Industries Board yesterday were barred from further bituminous coal supply for storage purposes by a mandate of the United States Fuel Administration.

The increasingly increasing demand for navy and transport service is given as the reason for this drastic curtailment of the non-essential industries.

The maximum supply is limited, for non-preferred industries, to fifteen days for steam coal and the non-preferred industry everywhere is cut off entirely from by-products and gas coal till further notice.

The absolute ban on the by-products and gas coal has been brought about by the critical condition in those commodities, affecting seriously the steel output particularly.

Today's order was promulgated as a result of the conference here yesterday of all the State fuel administrators east of the Mississippi, all east of the State of Minnesota, North Dakota and South Dakota.

Reliable Method of Hair Cure

Hair is by far the most conspicuous thing about us and is probably the most easily damaged by bad or careless treatment. If we are very careful in hair washing, we will have virtually no hair troubles. An especially fine shampoo for this weather, one that brings out all the natural beauty of the hair, that dissolves and entirely removes all dandruff, excess oil and dirt, can easily be used at trifling expense by simply dissolving a teaspoonful of Canthox (which you can get at any drugstore), in a cup of hot water. This makes a full cup of shampoo liquid, enough so that it is easy to apply it to all the hair instead of just the top of the head. This chemically dissolves all impurities and creates a soothing cooling lather. Rinsing leaves the scalp spotlessly clean, soft and pliant, while the hair takes on the glossy richness of natural color, also a sufficiency of moisture to keep it from becoming brittle.

And the Polish people, who withstood the cruel Russian government and witnessed how the greatest of satanic powers was reduced to dust, will not now submit through cruel persecution.

New warriors will rise. The untiring work of creating power from among the people will not cease. We will withstand the power of Austria and Germany. The power of the people will not be hindered by any worldly power.

Eye Strain

Exists in many eyes, though the vision may seem perfect. This is the time to attend to your suffering from nervous headaches. It is of the utmost importance that you attend to this important matter.

A graduate optometrist of 15 years devotes his entire time to the eyes exclusively. We do not use drops.

QUALITY OPTICAL CO.
438 9th N. W.

That Rookie from the 13th Squad.



HUNS TORTURE POLISH YOUNG UNSPEAKABLY

National Council Here Gives Vivid Description of Horrors Inflicted.

Two new chapters in Polish history were made public here yesterday at the headquarters of the Polish National Council.

One is the story of a brilliant military achievement by a handful of men against the combined military power of Germany and Austria. The other is an "appeal to the civilized world," signed by the Polish People's Party at Lublin, Poland, which recites a series of terrible punishments and atrocities perpetrated upon men, women and children for their resistance against the further dismemberment of Poland.

The military achievement has to do with a march of more than 2,000 miles on foot by the Carpathian Iron Brigade of the Austrian army. It was composed of Poles, who revolted and deserted in a body. There were 14,000 officers and men who fled at night over the Carpathian Mountains, and who fought their way to freedom. One detachment, which went beyond the Dnieper River, has since joined the forces of the Czechoslovak. Another and smaller group, led by Col. Hanter, reached Archangel.

Arrived in Rags.

Details of the physical features of the two marches, which have just been received, present a pitiful picture of the hardships of the men. Provisions gave out long before time; they were unable to obtain food, and withal they were in a country infested with German agents, and thus compelled to face additional obstructions.

Despite all difficulties, the two army groups succeeded in reaching their destination. The contingent that arrived in Archangel marched into the town without shoes. Their feet were bound in sacks, old clothing and rags. Their uniforms were tattered and frayed, and their numbers were decimated by death.

The other story tells in detail of the punishments visited upon those Poles who protested against the ceding of the district of Cholm to the Ukrainians.

Children and Women Tortured.

Boys and girls, men and women, have been whipped to insensibility; their ears have been torn off, pins have been driven behind their fingernails, they have been dragged through the streets by the backs of their heads and have been confined in underground cells, which were flooded with water. The official report of the Polish People's Party at Lublin, reads as follows:

"In Jaszczow gendarmes drove men into the floor, tied people to them by their hands and feet, and beat them."

"Dziarsina they tied people to beams in such a manner that the soles of their feet could be fogged."

"In Krasnyastaw, for two days, the floors of underground prison cells were flooded to frighten arrested persons."

"To extort statements from the arrested persons, they were whipped terribly. They were struck with the butts of guns and canes, and were placed on the ground while their captors pressed them with their knees. In many places the persons were tied to beams, and there were cases of persons being hanged by their feet, and then tortured until they became unconscious."

"Both young boys, girls and old men have undergone this examination and flogging."

"A number of those fogged are dying. These facts, which are in our possession, relating to those tortured as well as to their oppressors, we transmit to the knowledge of the civilized world."

"And the Polish people, who withstood the cruel Russian government and witnessed how the greatest of satanic powers was reduced to dust, will not now submit through cruel persecution."

New warriors will rise. The untiring work of creating power from among the people will not cease. We will withstand the power of Russia, we will withstand the power of Austria and Germany. The power of the people will not be hindered by any worldly power."

MEADE SOLDIER IS SHOT.

Private Adams Wounded by Colorful Man; Refuses to Tell Why.

Private James P. Adams, colored, 21 years of age, from the 88th Infantry at Camp Meade, Md., at Emergency Hospital with a bullet wound in his chest, received yesterday noon as he was standing on the corner of Fourth and a-half and L streets, southwest.

Adams refused to tell the police why he was shot. His condition is not serious. His assailant is described as an unknown colored man, five feet ten inches tall, wearing a white shirt and dark trousers and no coat.

ALEXANDRIA

THE HERALD BUREAU, A. S. DUMPHREY, 121 King Street.

Alexandria, Va., Aug. 21.—A hold-up at 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon visited the grocery store conducted by Varney Brothers, on the Alexandria-Washington turnpike, and finding only a 14-year-old errand boy named Sampson in charge, pulled out a .38 caliber pistol and commanded the lad to hold up his hands. Sampson hardly realized the command until he found himself gazing into the barrel of the weapon. Having Sampson covered, the robber emptied the cash drawer, containing \$11, then decamped.

The clerk of the store, who had gone to dinner, returned a few minutes afterward, and the lad reported the robbery to him. Several persons in an automobile started in pursuit of the hold-up man. However, he soon lost himself among the long strings of freight cars, and it is supposed he boarded an outgoing freight train in the Potomac yards.

The funeral of the Rev. Dr. W. Strother Jones, formerly associate pastor of St. Thomas' P. E. Church, New York City, took place at 5 o'clock this afternoon from St. Paul's P. E. Church.

Services were conducted by the Rev. Floyd L. Leach, D. D., acting rector of St. Thomas' Church, New York City, assisted by the Rev. Angus Crawford, D. D., of the Episcopal Theological Seminary; the Rev. Wallace Rollins, of Grace Church, Trenton, N. J.; and the Rev. Edgar Carpenter, rector of Grace Church, this city.

Those serving as pall-bearers were: Lewis Marshall, Washington; Francis M. Burch, Philadelphia; M. L. Price, T. Calvert Perry, Arthur Herbert, Jr., and R. H. C. Beverley. Burial was in St. Paul's cemetery.

Twenty firms in this city have thus far received certificates from the United States Public Health Service granting them permission to sell food and drink to the soldiers from Camp Humphreys, Va. All who have received the certificates have complied with the health regulations provided for such places in cantonment areas.

Miss Katherine Irene Krouse and Arthur R. Power, both of this city, were married last night at the rectory of Grace P. E. Church. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Edgar Carpenter, rector of that church.

The Dr. W. L. Wood, in charge of the Red Cross sanitary unit here, has gone to Philadelphia to purchase supplies for the chemical laboratory, which will be established here shortly. The laboratory will be installed either in the rooms of the Chamber of Commerce or at the Alexandria Hospital.

Announcement is made of the marriage of Miss Myrtle M. Faulkner, this city, and Corp. Thomas O'Brien, Philadelphia, which took place in Rockville, Md., Saturday.

Ernest M. Demaine, this city, has been appointed first lieutenant in the Engineers' Corps and assigned to duty at Camp Humphreys. Lieut. Demaine formerly was chief engineer of the Elkhorne Coal Company, Flemington, Ky.

The funeral of Mrs. Frank Whitehead, who died in Washington, was to have been held this city yesterday afternoon from the residence of her sister, Mrs. James J. Garvey, 406 Prince street and will be conducted by the Rev. Edgar Carpenter, rector of Grace P. E. Church.

All men who attain their majority by August 24 are expected to register with the local draft board next Saturday. This board is located on the second floor of the Postoffice Building.

MAINE HAS EARTH TREMOR.

Lewiston, Me., Aug. 21.—Earth tremors aroused scores of residents of Rumford, Norway and Mechanic Falls early today. The shock was of half a minute duration.

TRYOUT SHOOT AT GLENBURNIE FOR BIG MATCH

Selection to Be Made of Best Shots to Represent D. C.

With a view to secure the best team possible to represent the District at the national rifle shooting matches in Camp Perry, Ohio, next month, it has been decided to hold another tryout on the Naval Rifle Range at Glenburnie, Md., next Saturday.

Yesterday Lieut. Col. William C. Harlow, U. S. M. C., vice-president National Rifle Association, and member of the National Board for Promotion of Rifle Practice, stated that Saturday would be devoted to special war course practice and that the final selection for the national team would be made from the scores recorded on Sunday.

Shooting Begins at 8.

Shooting for record will begin Saturday morning at 8 o'clock. Would-be shooters are advised to address the executive committee, Col. M. A. Winter, Winter building, or phone North 40 and ask the executive officer, for any information they may desire.

The try-out in Glenburnie last Saturday, at which about eighty local rifle shots competed, the following twenty-five stood highest in the order in which they are named, the same conditions being applied under the same conditions as will prevail in the matches at Camp Perry from September 1 to 21, inclusive:

Robert M. Morris, R. H. McGarity, E. A. Strachan, J. H. Robertson, G. B. Cornwell, C. D. Perkins, Jr., F. Chisholm, all of the Washington Rifle Club; Glen C. Leach, Home Defense League Rifles; J. C. Wheat, Sr., Washington Rifle Club; R. V. Reynolds, Agricultural Department Rifle Association; J. B. Johnson, J. E. Howell, Samuel B. Wetherald, S. H. Weeder, all of the Washington Rifle Club; L. L. Steiner, Agricultural Department Rifle Association; Ralph C. Stokes, Washington Rifle Club; William White, Department of Agriculture Rifle Association; Houston, Washington Rifle Club; Harry D. Ruddiman, E. G. Speakman, Department of Agriculture Rifle Association; R. G. Fletcher, Washington Rifle Club; Alexander M. Aley, G. R. Campbell, J. L. Shoner, Department of Agriculture Rifle Association, and T. R. Graham, Home Defense League Rifles. Arthur E. Johnson, of the Ordnance Rifle Club, was No. 26 in the order of standing.

High Man Aged 16.

Sixteen men are to be selected for the team to represent the District. Their names will be announced definitely as soon as the returns are tabulated from the final tryout at Glenburnie, which has been postponed to Sunday.

Robert M. Morris, who is high man so far in the contest for a place on the team that is to represent the District at Camp Perry, is the son of Capt. Charles R. Morris, U. S. M. C., and is the nephew of Provost Marshal General Crowder. He is but sixteen years of age. He made a perfect score—100 out of 100 possible—at 200 yards, slow fire, in the shoot at Glenburnie last Saturday.

LASSIGNY CAPTURED BY FRENCH WHILE BRITISH ADVANCE

CONTINUED FROM PAGE ONE.

covering yesterday's operations. The captured enemy tanks have been destroyed since August 8. A summary follows:

"Northwest of Roye, on both sides of Crapeauville, north and south of Leuquigny, and on the heights southwest of Noyon, enemy attacks broke down."

"Between the Ancre and the Avre, it is estimated, five hundred hostile tanks have been destroyed since August 8."

"Between the Oise and the Aisne the French yesterday attempted to break through, supported by tanks, on a front of 35 kilometers (more than sixteen miles)."

"They succeeded in penetrating our front lines, but by midday the enemy's assault was broken in the line Carlepont-Blercourt-Vezapon-Pommieries. Our counterattacks drove the enemy back on Blercourt."

Hindenburg Back Again, Report.

London, Aug. 21.—Swiss reports received here declare Field Marshal Hindenburg has succeeded Gen. Ludendorff in command of West front operations.

Reports have been current for some time in neutral countries that Hindenburg had succeeded Field Marshal Ludendorff on the West front because of an illness of the latter.

SWISS SHIFT TO ALLY SIDE, WRITES A GERMAN

That part of Switzerland which borders on France has been pro-ally since the beginning of the war, and that part of Switzerland which borders on Germany has been pro-German until recently, says an official dispatch yesterday from France.

It outlines the change that has come over "German" Switzerland, and which is admitted in a letter to the Frankfurter Zeitung by a German, who has been a resident of Switzerland since the start of the war. He says:

"A great part of public opinion has become pro-ally, or else is acting as if it had become so. Another part has remained theoretically neutral, while only a very small portion of the population has sympathies for the German cause."

The German correspondent gives the food supplied Switzerland by the allies, and her commercial and industrial dependency, as "material causes" of the change in public opinion.

BERNHARDI KNOWS NOW.

Hun General-Author Learns British Can Fight Valiantly.

London, Aug. 21.—An interesting feature of the present operations in Flanders is that the Fifty-fifth Corps of the German Sixth Army is commanded by Gen. Bernhardt, the famous author of several books remarkable for the frank revelations of Germany's war aims.

In his writings Bernhardt let it be known that he did not entertain a very high opinion of the British army, which in the recent fighting has driven his corps steadily back across the Iyva Plain toward Arras.

The corps was especially hard hit in its efforts to hold the Meriville salient confronting the Nieppe Forest. It was driven from one position after another and was badly shaken by the enfilading fire of the British batteries as it retired.

THE TOWN CRIER.

Washington charwomen, employed in government buildings will meet Saturday night at the Perpetual Association building, Eleventh and E streets northwest, at the call of the National Federation of General Employees, to complete their organization.

The American Inventors' Association will meet in the Board of Trade rooms in the Star Building tonight at 8 o'clock.

The Catholic Women's War Relief Association held its weekly meeting last night at the Catholic Women's War Service Club, 2408 K street northwest.

CALL 300 TEXAS SELECTIVES.

A call was issued by the Provost Marshal General for 300 Texas selective draft men to attend a special course in mechanical training at the University of Texas at Austin.

Kaiser's Chaplain Decorated.

Amsterdam, Aug. 21.—Dr. Von Dryander, the Kaiser's chief chaplain and private spiritual guide, has been decorated again, this time with the Order of the Black Eagle, the highest Russian decoration.

Deliver Us from Spy, Profiteer and Pacifist! Amen, Says Congress

A prayer for deliverance from pro-Germans, profiteers, pacifists, slackers and other enemies of the country was made in the House yesterday morning by the Rev. Henry M. Couden, the blind chaplain. The prayer follows:

"Good Lord, deliver us from the hyphenated American, the pro-German, the spy, the profiteer, the pacifist, the slacker and all who would retard the prosecution of the war for human rights, human happiness, in the establishment of a permanent and world-wide peace, for Christ's sake, Amen."

GREAT SHIP MERGER TO RULE WORLD TRADE

Combine Planned in New York for \$250,000,000 Company.

New York, Aug. 21.—Place for a great merger of American shipping which will be able to dominate trading in the Atlantic and Pacific in the struggle for world trade after the war are reported to be under way.

The plans as already outlined contemplate a combination of the International Mercantile Marine Company, the Atlantic Gulf and West Indies Company, the United Fruit Company, the Pacific Mail Steamship Company and the New York Shipbuilding Company. The combination is to be under the leadership of the American International Corporation, which controls two of the companies named and has large holdings of the stock of two of the others.

The plans call for a capitalization of \$250,000,000 or more. The contemplated liquidation of the International Mercantile Marine Company is believed to be the first step toward the amalgamation, which is said to have the implied endorsement of the United States Shipping Board.

The combined capitalization of the concerns involved is about \$33,000,000. The plan for the liquidation of the International Mercantile Marine calls for the retirement of the company's bonds at 110, the taking up of the preferred stock at 100, this price to include dividend accumulations. Holders of the common stock are to receive \$40 a share.

BULGAR HATRED OF HUN AND TURK INCREASES

Soldiers and Deserters Ask Impeachment of Late Cabinet.

London, Aug. 21.—Reports from Bulgaria show that the hatred of the Germans and Turks is becoming accentuated. German employees of the government are being dismissed by the Manoir railway, which has announced that Bulgaria will not act as an agent of Germany and will not satisfy the claims of Turkey.

Meetings of soldiers on leave and deserters from the army are being held all over the country, with the connivance of the government department and declaring that the allies have no interest in working against Bulgaria. King Ferdinand is called upon to terminate the war as far as Bulgaria is concerned, otherwise the people will be forced to decide the fate of the country for themselves.

It is because of this trend of popular feeling that the king has been advised to seek seclusion for a while.

Alleging that his Christian name of "Eddie" was too effeminate for present day usage, and asking the court to change it to Edward, Eddie W. Libbey petitioned the equity court accordingly yesterday. He states in his petition that the name of Eddie was given to him as an infant, and now he wants something more appropriate.

DAMAGE SUITS FOR \$87,500 IN AGGREGATE

Eight Claims Made in Local Courts Against Corporations.

Eight damage suits were filed with the clerk of the District Supreme Court yesterday by various litigants, the sums demanded aggregating \$87,500.

The case of Kate Naylor against the Washington Railway and Electric Company involved the largest amount, \$50,000 being claimed on account of injuries said to have been sustained July 21, 1917, when she claims one of the company's cars ran into a motorcycle on the rear seat of which she was riding, and bruised her considerably.

Minnie Levy also brought suit against the Washington Railway and Electric Company for \$10,000 damages alleged to have been sustained March 15, 1917, when she attempted to alight from one of the cars and it started suddenly, throwing her to the ground and hurting her seriously.

Robert P. Lewis, a 17-year-old boy, brought suit through his mother against the Washington Steel and

ORDNANCE COMPANY FOR \$16,000 DAMAGES.

It is claimed the corporation had the young man arrested to the alleged theft of \$20 from a locker of the establishment, where he was employed at the time.

Western Union Sued.

John W. Piper, a carpenter, sued the Western Union Telegraph Company yesterday for \$5,000, alleging that one of its messenger boys, riding on a sidewalk, rode over him with a bicycle on May 25, 1917.

George E. Stennell and his son, Robert Stennell, have sued the Washington Railway and Electric Company for \$5,000 and \$2,500, respectively, on account of damages alleged to have been sustained January 3, 1917, when it is claimed a delivery wagon, which plaintiffs were driving, was run into by a car belonging to the company.

Frank P. Crovo and William Frederick, concrete workers, yesterday filed suits against the Washington, Baltimore and Annapolis Railroad Company, each for \$2,500 damages, alleged to have been sustained September 22, 1917, when it is claimed a car upon which both were passengers had a rear-end collision with another car at Myer's Station, Md., injuring them severely, it is alleged.

BURLESON COMMENDS SIX AIRMAIL FLIERS

Commendation of the six army officers who operate the daily airmail service was expressed in a letter to Secretary Baker from Postmaster General Burleson.

The letter also noted that the transfer of the airmail service from the War Department to the Postoffice Department is complete.

IS YOUR SKIN ABLAZE WITH FIERY ITCHINGS?

If So, Get on the Right Treatment at Once.

If you are one of the thousands who are afflicted with any form of irritating skin disease, verily you know what real torture is. You know well enough what it means to lay awake at night, rubbing and scratching your raw and irritated skin, in a vain endeavor to get relief from the fiery burning.

Of course, the most serious phase of skin disease is the almost unbearable suffering caused by the fiery itching and irritation of the skin. In addition, the disease often causes unsightly roughness and discolorations, disfiguring and spoiling the complexion, and leaving its blighting marks in its wake. Many a beautiful skin has been marred by these disorders which first appeared as tiny red pimples.

At last science has determined the real source of all skin diseases, and with this enlightenment comes the reason why the prevailing treatment heretofore used has proven such a complete failure. It

has been proven that impurities in the blood cause millions of tiny disease germs to set up their attack on the surface of the skin, and in the form of pimples, boils, scaly eruptions and itchy, burning irritations, begin their disfiguring and destructive work.

Being in the blood, these disease germs can be reached only through the blood, and local applications have no effect whatever. That is why salves, ointments, lotions, washes and other remedies applied to the skin can do no more than give merely temporary relief. Soon the fiery itching breaks out again, for such treatment cannot reach the source of the trouble.

If you want permanent relief from the tortures of skin diseases, lose no time in discarding all local remedies, and begin taking S. S. S. today. You will be delighted with the results, and when you are thoroughly rid of your trouble, you will praise the day you got on the right treatment. You can get S. S. S. at any drug store. Begin taking it today, and if you write to our physician he will gladly give you full instructions about your own case. Address Medical Director, 402 Swift Laboratory, Atlanta, Ga.—Adv.

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